Topic 5 Growth Policies

Econ 1102 sec 027 (whiteboard)

Agenda

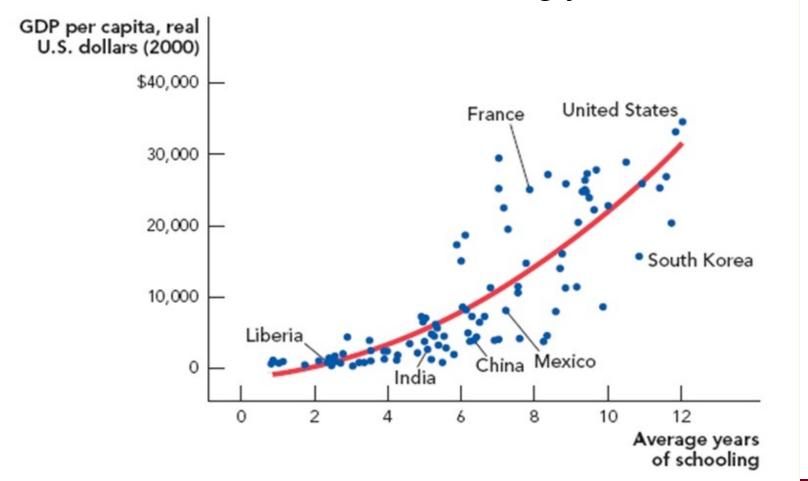
- Short Recap of last class
- Policies that promote growth
- Analysis of Government policy
- Sustainability/Desirability of growth

How can we encourage growth?

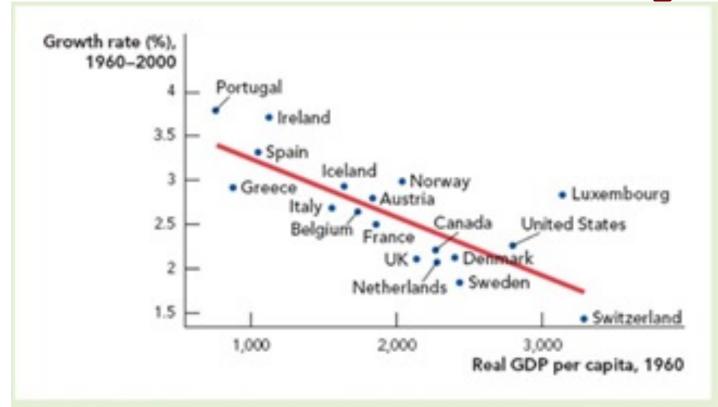
What should we target? Government policies, education, wages?

Human capital: RGDP & education

Education and RGDP are strongly correlated



Investment: Conditional convergence



Conditional Convergence The poorer the OECD country in 1960, the faster growth was between 1960-2000.

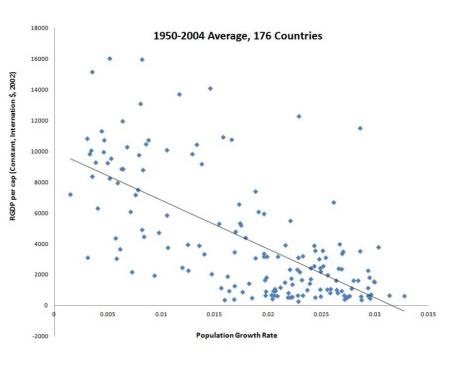
Source: Penn World Tables

Note: Data includes 18 of the 20 original OECD countries, excluding Germany and Turkey.

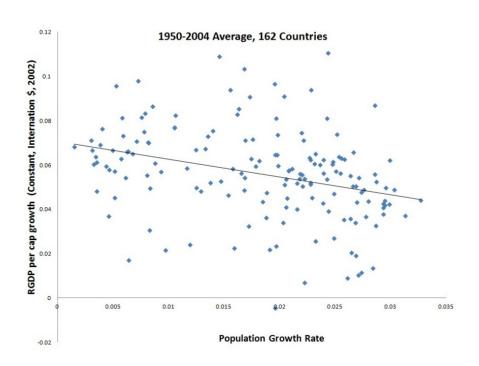


Population and Growth

GDP vs Population Growth



GDP Growth vs Population Growth



Evaluating Government Policy

And why do we need a government anyways?

Sustainability /

Desirability

(Pros and cons of government policy)

Price Ceilings



Instead, let's try a Rebate. What happens?



Great! But how do we pay for this?



Key Ideas and Things To Think About

Note: This is NOT a study guide – i.e. do not limit yourself to these items when studying

Key Ideas

- Six ways to promote growth
- Role of government in market economy
- Effect of government policy
 - Assumptions for this analysis to be valid
- Is growth sustainable/desirable?

Things To Think About

- When would government regulation be a good thing?
- Why might some countries have a negative view on modern economic growth?

Things To Think About

- Consider this article. Would this same strategy be effective for the United States? If yes, in what way? If no, why not?
- Consider Obama's <u>"you didn't build that"</u> statement. What might he actually have meant? (Think about capital and how it impacts the economy)